

**FURTHER STUDIES MATHEMATICS (EXTENDED): PAPER II  
MODULE III**

**MARKING GUIDELINES**

Time: 1 hour

100 marks

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**These marking guidelines are prepared for use by examiners and sub-examiners, all of whom are required to attend a standardisation meeting to ensure that the guidelines are consistently interpreted and applied in the marking of candidates' scripts.**

**The IEB will not enter into any discussions or correspondence about any marking guidelines. It is acknowledged that there may be different views about some matters of emphasis or detail in the guidelines. It is also recognised that, without the benefit of attendance at a standardisation meeting, there may be different interpretations of the application of the marking guidelines.**

**All alternative valid solutions will be credited accordingly.**

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## FINANCE AND MODELLING

### QUESTION 1

1.1 B ✓✓ (2)

1.2 C ✓✓✓ (3)

1.3 A ✓✓✓ (3)

1.4 B ✓✓✓✓ (4)

[12]

### QUESTION 2

2.1  $920\,000 = 1\,850\,000(1-i)^4$  ✓  $\therefore i = 16,02\%$  ✓✓ (4)

2.2  $2\,680\,000 - 920\,000 = x \left[ \left(1 + \frac{0,042}{12}\right)^{46} - 1 \right] \left(1 + \frac{0,042}{12}\right)^3$  ✓  
 $\frac{0,042}{12}$  ✓  
 $\therefore x = 34\,961,87$  ✓✓ (8)  
 [12]

### QUESTION 3

3.1  $x + 1\,000 = x \left(1 + \frac{0,082}{4}\right)^4$  ✓  $x = 11\,826,46$  ✓✓ (6)

3.2  $2\,600(x + 0,025) + 1\,800(x) = 274$  ✓✓  
 $4\,400x = 209$   
 $x = 0,0475$  ✓✓  
 $x = 4,75\% + 2,5\% = 7,25\%$  ✓ (8)

3.3  $10\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,072}{12}\right)^n = 12\,000 \left(1 + \frac{0,064}{12}\right)^n$  ✓✓  
 $\frac{5}{6} = \left(\frac{\frac{377}{375}}{\frac{503}{500}}\right)^n$  ✓✓  
 $n = 275 \text{ months}$  ✓✓ (8)

[22]

## QUESTION 4

4.1 Logistics ✓: carrying capacity present ✓ (2)

4.2 (a) S-shaped ✓✓ (b) Linear ✓✓ (4)

4.3  $0,65 \times 0,82 \checkmark \checkmark - \frac{1}{50} \checkmark = 0,513 \checkmark$  (4)

4.4  $R_{n+1} = R_n + a \cdot R_n \left(1 - \frac{R_n}{40000}\right) \checkmark - 4\,000 \checkmark$  with  $R_{n+1} = R_n \checkmark$   
 $a \cdot (18\,000) \checkmark \left(1 - \frac{18\,000}{40\,000}\right) = 4\,000 \checkmark \checkmark \quad a = 0,404 \checkmark \checkmark$  (8)

4.5  $1 + 0,4 = (1 + a)^4$   
 ✓✓

$a = 0,087\,757$  per annum ✓✓

$R_{n+1} = R_n + 0,087 \cdot R_n \left(1 - \frac{R_n}{40\,000}\right) \checkmark$  with  $R_0 = 18\,000 \checkmark$

$R_6 = 23\,235/6 \checkmark \checkmark$

**OR**

$1 + 0,4 = \left(1 + \frac{a}{4}\right)^4 \checkmark \checkmark$

$a = 0,351\,092$  four-yearly cycle, compounded per annum ✓✓

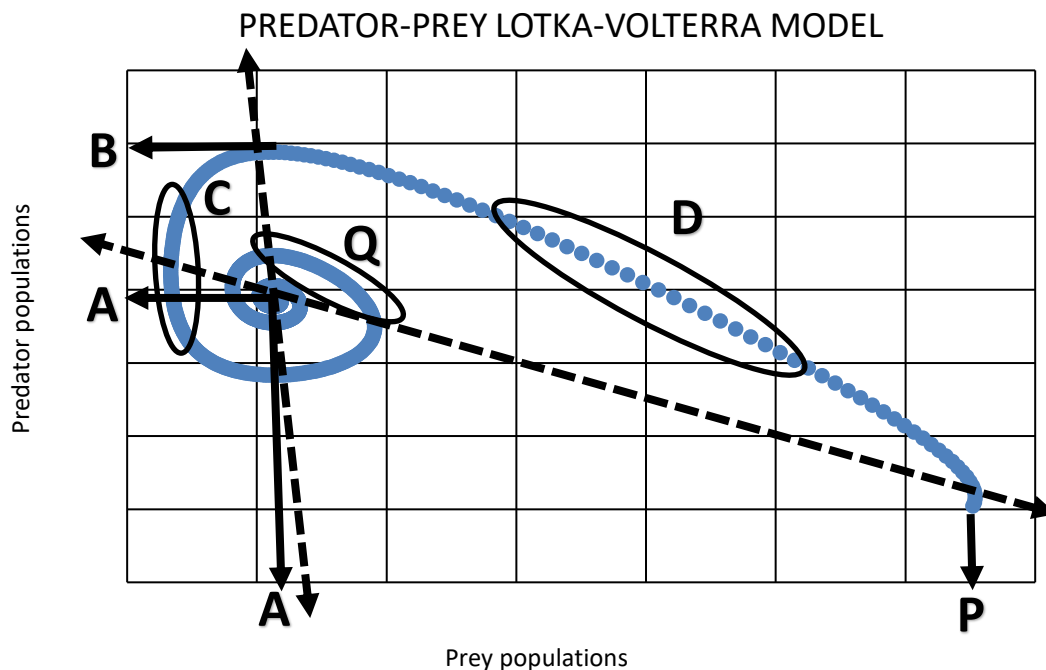
$R_{n+1} = R_n + \frac{0,351092}{4} \cdot R_n \left(1 - \frac{R_n}{40\,000}\right) \checkmark$  with  $R_0 = 18\,000 \checkmark$

$R_6 = 23\,235/6 \checkmark \checkmark$

(8)

**[26]**

### QUESTION 5



5.1 (a) A ✓✓✓✓ (b) B ✓✓ (6)

5.2 (a) C ✓✓ (b) D ✓✓ (4)

5.3 pair of axes ✓  
accuracy (passing through equilibrium pt) ✓  
accuracy (passing through max/min values of Prey) ✓  
accuracy (passing through max/min values of Predator) ✓ (4)  
**[14]**

### QUESTION 6

6.1  $T_1 = 20\,000 \left( 1 + \frac{0,048}{12} \right) \checkmark + 400 = 20\,480 \checkmark$   
 $T_2 = 20\,480 \left( 1 + \frac{0,048}{12} \right) \checkmark + 400(1,005) \checkmark = 20\,963,92 \checkmark$   
 $T_3 = 20\,963,92 \left( 1 + \frac{0,048}{12} \right) \checkmark + 400(1,005)^2 \checkmark = 21\,451,48 \checkmark$  (8)

6.2  $T_n = \checkmark 1,004. \checkmark T_{n-1} + 400 \checkmark (1,005)^{n-1}, \checkmark T_0 = 20\,000 \checkmark$  (6)  
**[14]**

**Total: 100 marks**