

REDHILL HIGH SCHOOL

GRADE 12

AP Maths Prelim

September 2019

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY		
Time: 3 hours	300 marks	
Examiner: G Evans	Moderators: V van Rooy	

- 1. This paper consists of 25 pages. Please check that your question paper is complete. Answer on the question paper.
- 2. Read the questions carefully.
- 3. All questions are compulsory.
- 4. It is in your own interests to write legibly and present your work neatly.
- 5. Calculators should be used where appropriate. Round to 2 decimal places.

Student Name:	Class:

SECTION A - CALCULUS & ALGEBRA (200 marks)

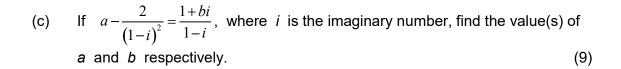
Question 1 (33 marks)

(a) Solve for x, without the use of a calculator:

$$\log_3 x - 4\log_x 3 = -3 \tag{7}$$

(b) Solve for x, proving that the equation has only one solution:

$$x(3|x|-1) = -10$$
 (7)



(d) (i) Sketch the graph:
$$f(x) = 2^{|x|} - 2$$
 (6)

(ii) Hence, solve the inequality:
$$2^{|x|} < 4$$
 (4)

Question 2 (15 marks)

The temperature, T (°C) of a cooling cup of tea, after a time t (minutes), can be modelled by the equation:

 $T = 20 + Ae^{-kt}$, where A and k are constants.

- (a) Write down the room temperature. (2)
- (b) Given that the initial temperature is 85 °C and that the temperature is decreasing at the rate of 5 °C per minute, initially, determine the value of k. (9)

(c) Determine the length of time, to the nearest minute it takes for the tea to cool to $50 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$. (4)

Question 3 (12 marks)

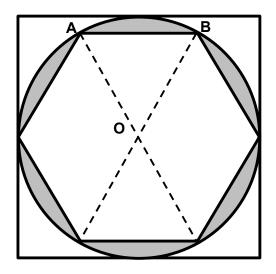
(a) It is given that
$$f(g(x)) = \frac{1}{x-1} + x^2 - 2x + 1$$
 and $g(g(x)) = x - 2$
Determine $g(f(2))$ (6)

(b) For which value(s) of x will y be defined:

$$y = \ln\left(\frac{2x-1}{x^2+4x+4}\right) \tag{6}$$

Question 4 (11 marks)

In the diagram a square tile is shown, in which a regular hexagon is inscribed in a circle with centre O. The circle fits exactly inside the square. The area of the shaded region is $54~\rm cm^2$.



- (a) Write down the size of $\angle AOB$, giving your answer in radians. (2)
- (b) Determine the area of the square tile. (9)

Question 5 (12 marks)

Prove by induction that:

$$\sum_{r=1}^{r=n} \frac{2}{(r+1)(r+2)} = \frac{n}{n+2}$$
 for all natural values of n .

Question 6 (18 marks)

(a) The following function is given:

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} 2x+1 & \text{if} \quad x \le p \\ x^2 - 4x + 10 & \text{if} \quad x > p \end{cases}$$

(i) For which value(s) of p is g(x) continuous at x = p? (6)

(ii) Is f differentiable at all points? Motivate your answer. (6)

(b) Determine the limit:

$$\lim_{x \to 1} \frac{\sqrt{2x - 1} - \sqrt{x}}{x - 1} \tag{6}$$

Question 7 (18 marks)

It is required to solve: $\tan x = 1 - x^2$ using Newton's method.

(a) By drawing a suitable rough sketch, show that a reasonable first approximation is $x_1 = 0.7$ (6)

(b)	Hence solve for the nearest solution, correct to 5 decimal places	(8)
(c)	Does the initial guess in Newton's method need to be close to the actual answer? Explain why and/or why not?	(4)

Question 8 (20 marks)

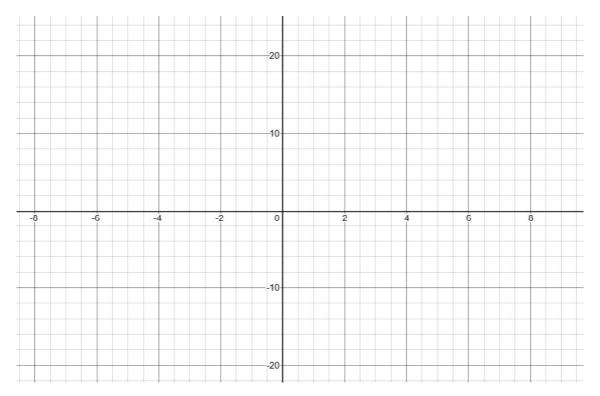
A curve has equation $y = \frac{x^2}{x-2}$.

(a) Find the equations of he asymptotes (5)

(b) Determine the coordinates of the stationary points (8)

(c) Make a sketch of the graph on the axes given, including all significant points:

(7)



Question 9 (14 marks)

Cars are passing a particular point on a bridge. For the purposes of this problem we will assume that each car is 3,5 metres long and that there is a distance of d metres between each car. The cars are all travelling at v km/h.

(a) Show that the number of cars passing through the point on the bridge each hour (i.e. the *flow rate*) is given by:

$$F = \frac{1000v}{d + 3.5} \tag{4}$$

(b) To ensure safe driving, we insist that cars keep a safe following distance, represented by the value d. Let us assume that a car travelling at v km/h requires a following distance of $d = 0.006v^2$.

Now find the velocity that maximises the flow rate of traffic over the bridge (9)

Question 10 (6 marks)

The equation of a circle centre (a; b) and radius r is given by: $(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = r^2$

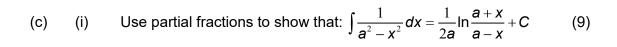
Show, by differentiation, that $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{a-x}{y-b}$

Question 11 (26 marks)

Integrate the following functions:

(a)
$$\int x.\cos(5x^2)dx$$
 (6)

$$\int \frac{1}{x^2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^3} dx \tag{8}$$



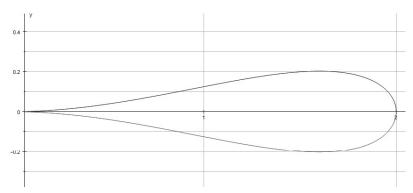
(ii) Use this result to find the value of

$$\int_{\frac{1}{4}}^{\frac{1}{2}} \frac{1}{9 - 4x^2} \, dx \tag{7}$$

Question 12 (12 marks)

The fuel tank on the wing of a jet is formed by rotating the region bounded by the curve $y = \frac{1}{8}x^2 \cdot \sqrt{2-x}$ about the *x*-axis between x = 0 and x = 2, where the units are measured in metres.





Determine the volume of the fuel tank.