



NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION  
NOVEMBER 2014

## MATHEMATICAL LITERACY: PAPER I

### MARKING GUIDELINES

Time: 3 hours

150 marks

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These marking guidelines are prepared for use by examiners and sub-examiners, all of whom are required to attend a standardisation meeting to ensure that the guidelines are consistently interpreted and applied in the marking of candidates' scripts.

The IEB will not enter into any discussions or correspondence about any marking guidelines. It is acknowledged that there may be different views about some matters of emphasis or detail in the guidelines. It is also recognised that, without the benefit of attendance at a standardisation meeting, there may be different interpretations of the application of the marking guidelines.

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**Key:**

a	accuracy
ca	continued accuracy
m	method
ma	method accuracy
r	rounding
cap	continued accuracy based on previous answer

**MA = Mark Allocation**

**AO = Answer Only**

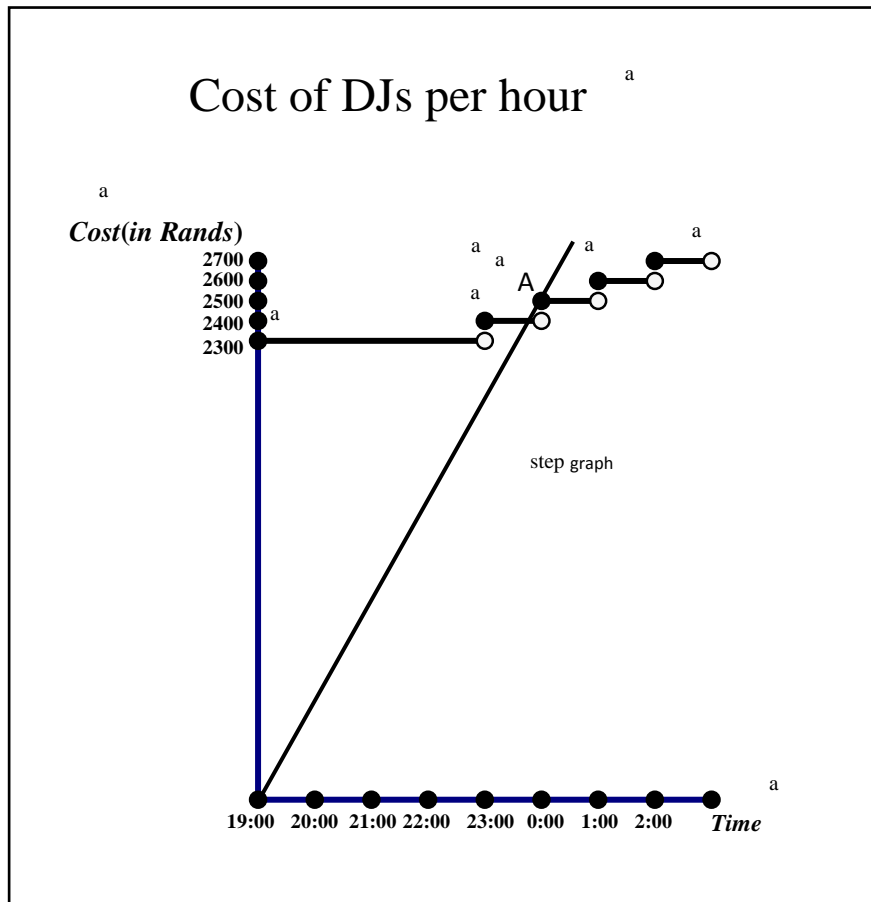
**TL = Thinking Level**

	<b>QUESTION 1</b>	
1.1.1	R 15 000 <sup>a a</sup>	2
1.1.2	Simple <sup>a a</sup>	2
1.1.3	R 24 000 <sup>a a</sup>	2
1.1.4	R 24 000 <sup>ca</sup> – R 15 000 <sup>m</sup> = R 9 000 <sup>ca</sup>	3
1.1.5	James' Account <sup>a a</sup>	2
1.2.1		4

Time	19:00	20:00	21:00	22:00	23:00	00:00	01:00	02:00
Cost in Rands – DJ Amazing	$\frac{2\ 300}{a}$ or $\underline{0}$ <sup>a</sup>	2 300	$\frac{2\ 300}{a}$	2 300	2 400	$\frac{2\ 500}{a}$	2 600	$\frac{2\ 700}{a}$

1.2.2  
(a) and  
(b)

1.2.3



10

1.2.4	DJ Amazing <sup>ca ca</sup>	2
1.3.1	12/06/2014 <sup>a a</sup>	2

1.3.2	$16:03 - {}^m 14:12 {}^a = 01:51 {}^a$	3
1.3.3	$R5 {}^a + R6 {}^a = R11,00 {}^{ca}$	3
1.4.1	$a = \frac{13}{100} \times R13\,560 {}^m$ $= R1\,762,80 {}^a$ $b = R13\,560 + R1\,762,80 {}^m$ $= R15\,322,80 {}^{ca}$ $c = \frac{13}{100} \times R15\,322,80 {}^m$ $= R1\,991,96 {}^{ca}$	6
1.4.2	$12\,000 \times 15\% {}^m = 1\,800 {}^a$	2
1.4.3	$R1\,800 \times 3 {}^m = R5\,400 {}^{ca}$ $5\,400 + 12\,000 {}^m = 17\,400 {}^{ca}$	4
		<b>[47]</b>

<b>QUESTION 2</b>		
2.1	3 bedrooms <sup>a a</sup>	2
2.2	3 <sup>a a</sup>	2
2.3.1	ℓ = 8,5 cm <sup>a</sup> (accept between 8,4 – 8,6) b = 5,7 cm <sup>a</sup> (accept between 5,6 – 5,8)	2
2.3.2	8,5 × 95 <sup>m</sup> = 807,5 cm = 8,075 m <sup>m</sup> 5,04 × 8,075 = 40,70 m <sup>2 ca</sup> (accept between 40,22 – 41,18)	3
2.3.3	Vol = 5,04 × 8,075 × 0,1 <sup>m</sup> = 4,0698 <sup>ca</sup> = 4 <sup>ca</sup> (accept between 4,022 – 4,118)  alt ans Vol = area × 0,1 = 40,70 × 0,1 <sup>m</sup> = 4,07 m <sup>3 ca</sup> = 4 m <sup>3 ca</sup>	3
2.3.4	1 g : 6 ml ÷ 1 000 <sup>m</sup> = 0,006 litres <sup>a</sup>	2
2.4.1	3 m ÷ 0,7 = 4,2 ∴ 4 boxes <sup>a</sup> 2 m ÷ 0,4 = 5 boxes <sup>a</sup>	2
2.4.2	4 × 5 × 2 <sup>m</sup> = 40 boxes <sup>ca</sup>	2
2.5.1	$\frac{3}{5}$ <sup>a a</sup>	2
2.5.2	$\frac{3}{5} + \frac{2}{5} = \frac{5}{5} = 1$ <sup>a a a</sup>	3
		<b>[23]</b>

	<b>QUESTION 3</b>	
3.1	Windhoek and Gaborone <sup>a a</sup>	2
3.2	4 <sup>a a</sup> <b>OR</b> 3 and 1	2
3.3.1	Tripoli and Tunis <sup>a a</sup>	2
3.3.2	Paved <sup>a a</sup>	2
3.4	5 and 6 <sup>a a</sup>	2
3.5.1	$a = 1\,000 \times 1\,000\,000$ <sup>ma</sup> $= 1\,000\,000\,000$ <sup>a</sup> $b = 1\,000\,000\,000 \div 20$ <sup>ma</sup> $= 50\,000\,000$ <sup>ca</sup>	4
3.5.2	27 mm <sup>a units</sup> (accept 25 – 29)	2
3.5.3 (a)	$50\,000\,000 \times 27$ <sup>m</sup> = 1 350 000 000 mm <sup>ca</sup>	2
3.5.3 (b)	$1\,350\,000\,000$ mm $\div 1\,000\,000$ <sup>ma</sup> = 1 350 km <sup>ca</sup>	2
3.6	$\frac{16\,750}{10}$ <sup>m</sup> = 1 675 hours <sup>a</sup>	2
		<b>[22]</b>

	<b>QUESTION 4</b>											
4.1.1	ANC <sup>a a</sup>	2										
4.1.2	2 945 829 <sup>a a</sup>	2										
4.1.3 (a) and (b)	<p><b>Percentage votes gained in the 2009 elections by top 4 parties</b></p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Party</th> <th>Percentage votes gained</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>ANC</td> <td>65.00%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>DA</td> <td>18.00%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>COPE</td> <td>8.00%</td> </tr> <tr> <td>IFP</td> <td>4.00%</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Party	Percentage votes gained	ANC	65.00%	DA	18.00%	COPE	8.00%	IFP	4.00%	8
Party	Percentage votes gained											
ANC	65.00%											
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IFP	4.00%											
4.2	$264 + 67 + 30 + 18 \text{ } ^m \text{ } ^a$ $= 379 \text{ } ^{ca}$	3										
4.3.1	Histogram <sup>a</sup> There is continuous data or the bars are touching or no spaces <sup>a</sup>	2										
4.3.2	9 a.m. – 10 a.m. <sup>a a</sup>	2										
4.3.3	$\frac{2\ 968 + 4\ 312 + 5\ 876 + \dots + 4\ 111 \text{ } ^{a m}}{12 \text{ } ^a}$ $\frac{35\ 616 \text{ } ^a}{12} = 2\ 968 \text{ voters per hour } ^{ca}$	5										
4.3.4	$\frac{2\ 968 + 4\ 312 + 5\ 876 + 1\ 078 + 643 + 3\ 542 \text{ } ^{a m}}{35\ 616 \text{ } ^a} \times 100$ $\frac{18\ 419 \text{ } ^a}{35\ 616} \times 100 = 51,72\% \text{ } ^{ca}$	5										
4.3.5	$5\ 876 \text{ } ^{a m} - 435 = 5\ 441 \text{ } ^{ca}$	3										
		<b>[32]</b>										

<b>QUESTION 5</b>		
5.1.1	Zimbabwe, Malawi, Zambia, South-Africa, Swaziland (any two) <sup>a a</sup>	2
5.1.2	East <sup>a a</sup>	2
5.2.1	7 250 000 <sup>a a</sup>	2
5.2.2	$\frac{7\,250\,000}{0,089} \text{ m} = R\,81\,460\,674,16 \text{ }^a$ $\frac{81\,460\,674,16}{1,84} \text{ m} = \text{¥}\,44\,272\,105,52 \text{ }^{ca}$ OR $\frac{7,25 \text{ million}}{0,089} = 81,46 \text{ million}$ $\frac{81,46 \text{ million}}{1,84} = 44,27 \text{ million}$	4
5.3	$\frac{400\,000 - 20\,000}{20\,000} \times 100 = 1900\% \text{ }^a$	3
5.4.1	3 000 m <sup>a</sup> × 6 lanes = 18 000 m <sup>a</sup>	2
5.4.2	16 <sup>a</sup> ÷ 3,28 <sup>m</sup> = 4,88 m <sup>a</sup>	3
5.4.3 (a)	3 000 ÷ 4,88 <sup>ca</sup> = 614,75 <sup>ca</sup> ≈ 614 cars <sup>ca</sup>	3
5.4.3 (b)	614 × 6 <sup>m</sup> = 3 684 cars <sup>ca</sup>	2
5.4.4	3 684 ÷ 5 <sup>m</sup> = 736,8 <sup>ca</sup> = 736 cars <sup>rounding</sup>	3
		<b>[26]</b>

**Total: 150 marks**